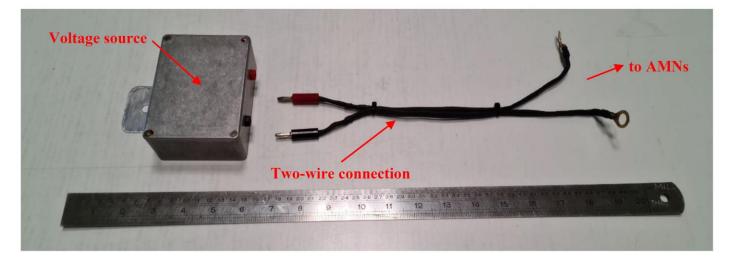
Proficiency Test of Conducted Emission Measurements PTC(CE-AUTO-0.15_108)

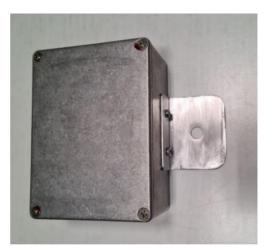
Firenze, March 29, 2023 Rev. 1 Corrected a typo at page 6.

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Travelling Sample for the 150 kHz to 108 MHz frequency range







Detailed description is in clause 6. of the scheme of the proficiency test.

General information

- Number of participants: 18
- Start date: July 2022
- Stop date: March 2023
- Issues faced:
 - None
- Scheme of the proficiency test PTC(CE-AUTO-0.15-108):

https://www.dinfo.unifi.it/vp-436-schemes-of-the-proficiencytests.html

Measurement procedure – 1 of 2

- Disturbance voltage measurement must be preceded by a preliminary verification of the correct operation of the Sample.
- The preliminary verification shall be carried out as follows:
 - Connect the Sample to the reference ground plane through the angled flange.
 - Connect the Sample to the AMNs through the two-wire connection.
 - Measure the amplitude of the harmonic whose frequency is the closest to 780 kHz. Use average detector. The reading shall be 53 dB(μ V) ± 6 dB (at both RED and BLACK terminals).
- If the preliminary verification is successful then the Laboratory can pass to the next step, i.e. the conducted emission measurement, otherwise the Coordinator shall be informed, and the conducted emission measurement is temporarily delayed.
- Measurements shall be carried out in accordance with the methods described in §6.2 of CISPR 25:2002-08, §6.2 of CISPR 25:2008-03/Ec1:2009-01 and §6.3 of CISPR 25:2016-10/COR1:2017-10 in the frequency range from 150 kHz to 108 MHz.

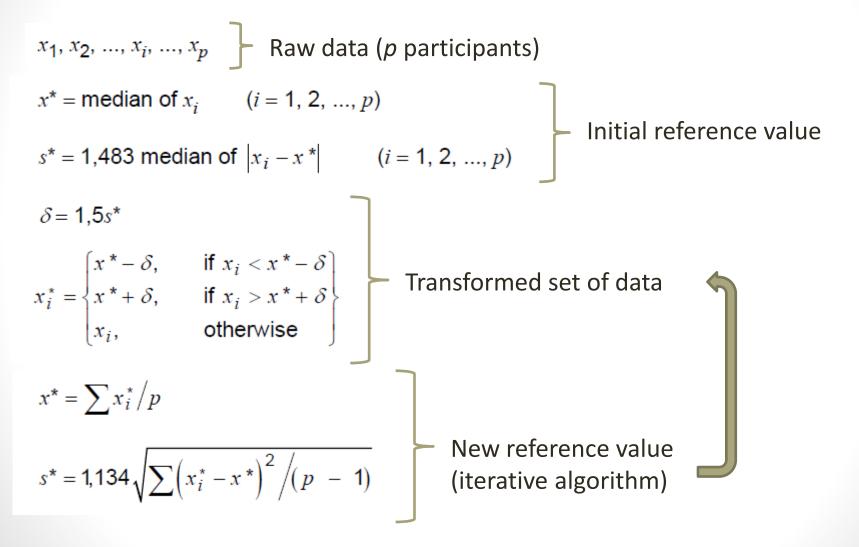
Measurement procedure – 2 of 2

- Measurement of the disturbance voltage generated by the Sample is carried out at the measurement frequencies reported in Table 1.
 Both RED and BLACK terminals voltage to ground shall be measured.
 Use average detector.
- Frequencies are provided to rapidly identify the harmonic to be measured. Do not blindly measure voltage at the indicated frequency. Measure the amplitude of the harmonic at the closest frequency to the one indicated by the Coordinator
- The Sample shall be placed on a non-conductive, low relative permittivity material, at (50 ± 5) mm above the reference ground plane.
- The case of the Sample shall be grounded to the reference ground plane through the angled flange.
- NOTE: Take measures to assure good electrical contact between the Sample enclosure and the reference ground plane by cleaning the respective surfaces and using metallic tape to increase the contact surface.

Reference values

- Reference values are:
 - x^* reference value of the voltage at a given frequency
 - s^* standard deviation of the voltage at a given frequency
- x* and s* are obtained through the robust statistical analysis in terms of robust mean and robust standard deviation

Robust statistical analysis



Excerpt from Annex C, algorithm A of ISO 13528:2015

Performance statistic z

 Performance statistic z (clause 9.4.1 of ISO 13528:2015) that the Coordinator applies to the Participant providing the measurement result x_i

$$z_i = \frac{X_i - X^*}{S^*}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2 < |z_i| < 3 \Rightarrow warning \\ 3 < |z_i| \Rightarrow action \end{cases}$$

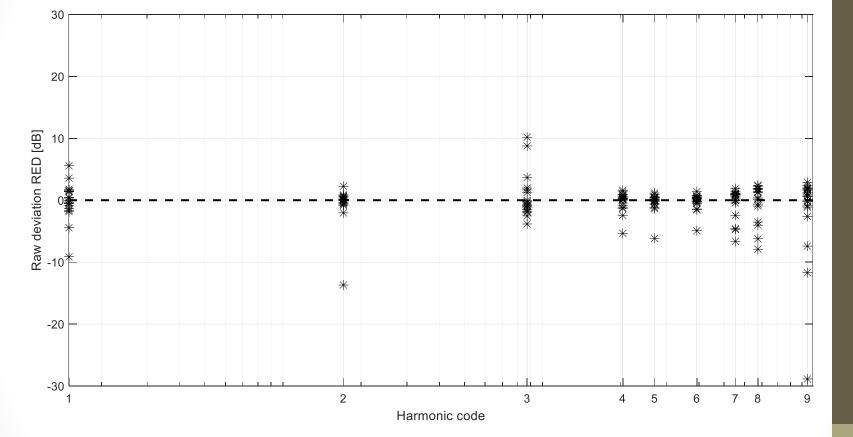
Results

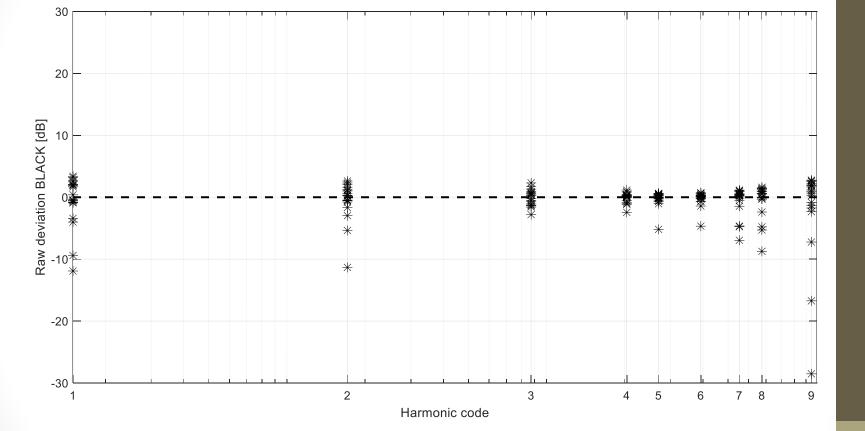
Harmonic code to frequency conversion

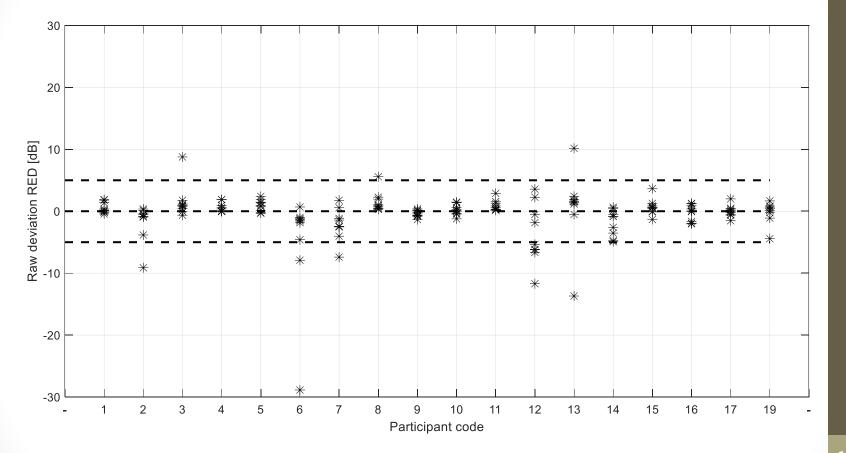
Band	Harmonic code	Frequency MHz	
В	1	0.15	
В	2	1.71	
В	3	8.72	
В	4	20.36	
В	5	27.00	
С	6	39.27	
С	7	55.28	
С	8	67.49	
С	9	104.70	

Interpretation of results

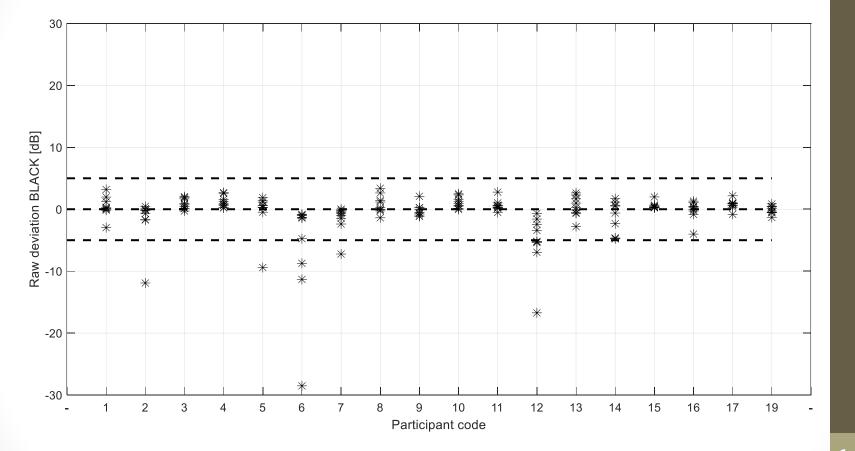
- Results are reported as:
 - Raw deviation between x_i , the measurement result of the i-th laboratory at a given frequency, and x^* reference value of the disturbance voltage at the same frequency
 - Performance statistic z_i of the i-th laboratory at a given frequency
 - Distinction is made between voltages at the RED and BLACK terminals



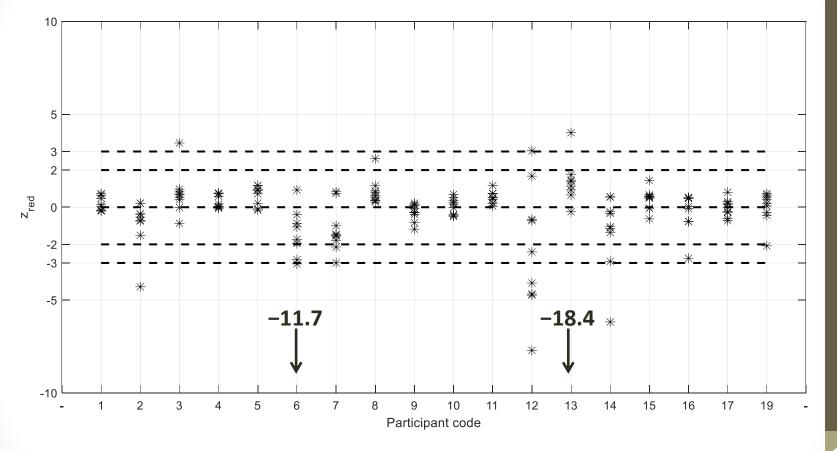


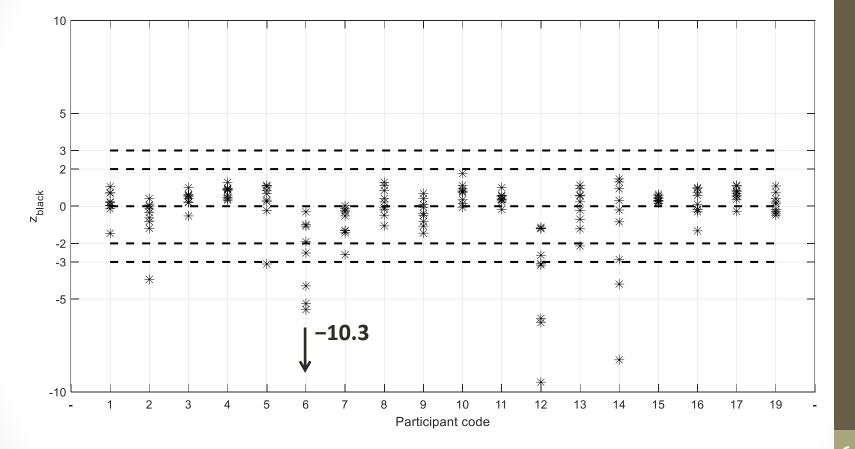


Dashed lines correspond to ±5 dB deviation



Dashed lines correspond to ±5 dB deviation





Band	Harmonic #	Frequency MHz	<i>x</i> * _{red} dB(μV)	S [*] red dB	x ^{*black} dB(μV)	<i>S</i> *black dB
В	1	0.15	65.6	2.1	69.6	3.0
В	2	1.71	56.4	0.7	47.1	2.0
В	3	8.72	56.6	2.5	68.1	1.3
В	4	20.36	60.6	1.1	62.3	0.8
В	5	27	78.6	0.8	80.1	0.5
С	6	39.27	68.6	0.8	70.0	0.6
С	7	55.28	51.0	1.6	52.5	1.1
С	8	67.49	53.6	2.6	55.1	1.7
С	9	104.7	67.1	2.5	66.3	2.8

Remarks – 1 of 2

- Most of the measurement results provided by the 18 participants (324 voltage values) are within ±5 dB from the reference value, however 24 measurement results exceed 5 dB deviation, 7 exceed 10 dB deviation.
- Reproducibility of this CISPR 25 conducted emission measurement method appears to be poor if compared with the reproducibility of conducted emission measurements according to CISPR 16-2-1
 - s* is less than 1 dB for CISPR 16-2-1 conducted emission, in the whole frequency range from 9 kHz to 30 MHz
 - s* reaches 3 dB toward the edges of the frequency range (at 150 kHz and at 108 MHz)

Remarks – 2 of 2

 The travelling Sample was designed to apply the same voltage from line (red, black) to the reference ground plane, however the voltage measured at the two terminals is significantly different at low frequency (below 10 MHz), where also the reproducibility is scarce.